

# Results of Tourism Activity February 2021







Undersecretariat of Planning and Tourism Policy. Available in https://www.datatur.cedur.gob.my/2ite/2age/vendered/4.age







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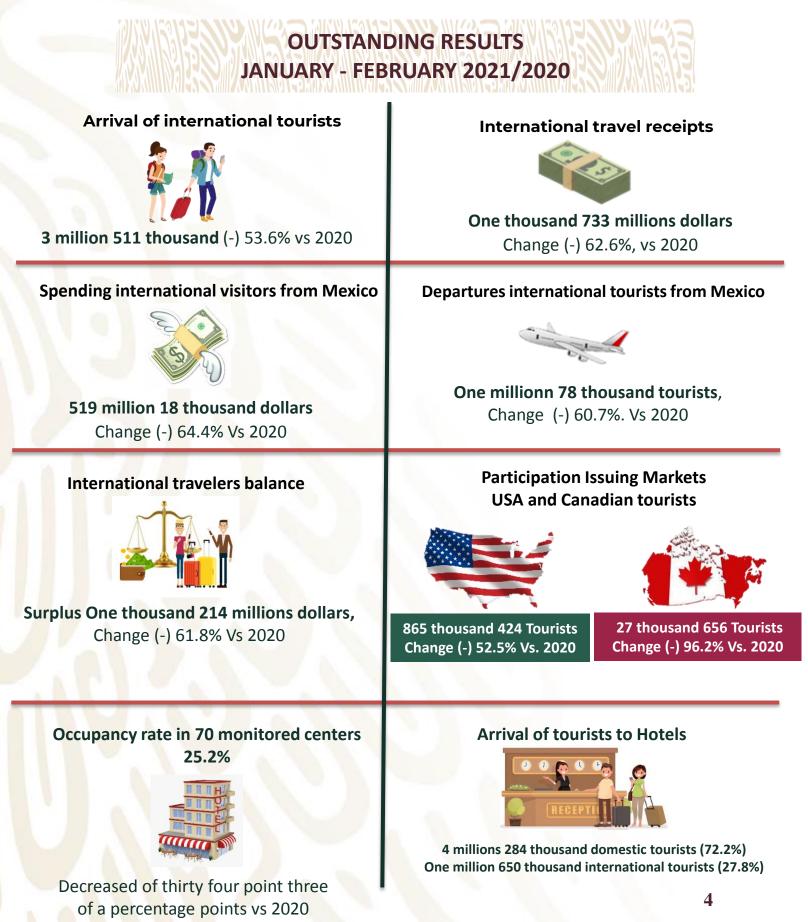
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**Warning**: As a result of the extraordinary measures that have been taken in March 2020, the figures are preliminary and will be updated to the extent possible by each official information source.

















# **INTERNATIONAL VISITORS TO MEXICO**



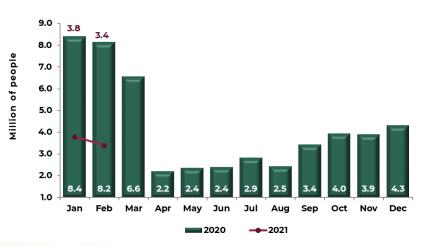




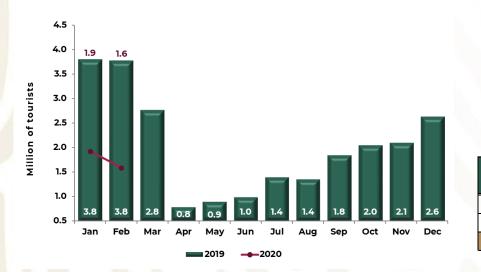
## ARRIVAL OF INTERNATIONAL VISITORS

**Chart 1.** According to INEGI, during January-February 2021 the number of international visitors arriving Mexico was **7 million 201 thousand**, this is 9 millions 382 thousand visitors less than same period 2020 and represented a decreased of (-) 56.6%.

| January -<br>February | Million of People | Change %                                |
|-----------------------|-------------------|---|
| 2019                  | 15.6              | , i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i |
| 2020                  | 16.6              | 6.4%                                    |
| 2021                  | 7.2               | -56.6%                                  |



### ARRIVAL OF INTERNATIONAL TOURISTS



**Chart 2.** International tourists arrivals in January-February 2021 were **3 million 511 thousand**, reaching 4 million 55 thousand less than same period 2020, decreasing (-) 53.6%.

| January -<br>February | Thousand<br>Passengers | Change % |
|-----------------------|------------------------|----------|
| 2019                  | 6.9                    |          |
| 2020                  | 7.6                    | 10.3%    |
| 2021                  | 3.5                    | -53.6%   |

Note: In the graphs the sum of the data does not coincide with the accumulated period due to the rounding of figures.



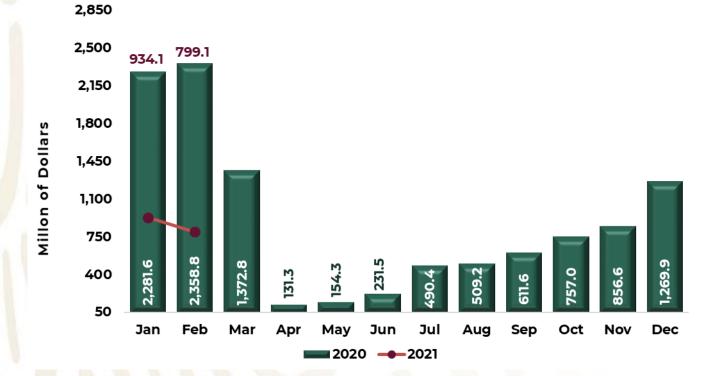




INTERNATIONAL TRAVEL RECEIPTS

**Chart 3.** In the first two months of 2021, foreign currency income from international arrival visitors was **One thousand 733 million dollars**, equivalent a decrease -62.6% compared to the same period 2020.

| January - | Million of People |          |
|-----------|-------------------|----------|
| February  |                   | Change % |
| 2019      | 4,523.1           | *        |
| 2020      | 4,640.4           | 2.6%     |
| 2021      | 1,733.2           | -62.6%   |



Source: INEGI and Bank of Mexico, Balance of payments. https://www.datatur.sectur.gob.mx/SitePages/VisitantesInternacionales.aspx



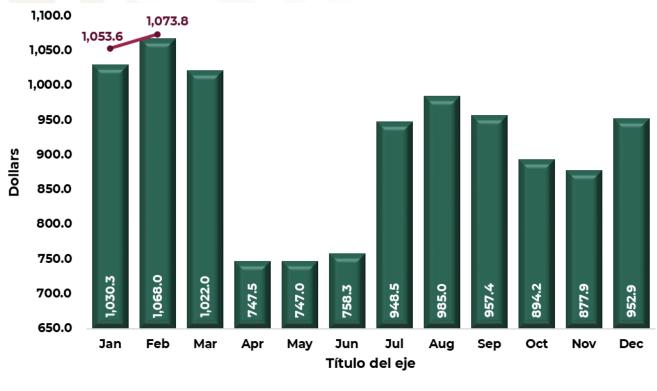




### AVERAGE EXPENDITURE OF LONG-STAY TOURISTS, AIR TRANSPORT

**Chart 4.** In the first two months of 2021, the average expenditure of long-stay tourists by air was **1,062.7 dollars**, equivalent a increase +1.3% in comparison to the same period 2020.

| January -<br>February | Dollars | Change % |
|-----------------------|---------|----------|
| 2019                  | 1,074.5 | *        |
| 2020                  | 1,049.3 | -2.3%    |
| 2021                  | 1,062.7 | 1.3%     |



**2020 ---** 2021







## DEPARTURES OF INTERNATIONAL TOURISTS FROM MEXICO



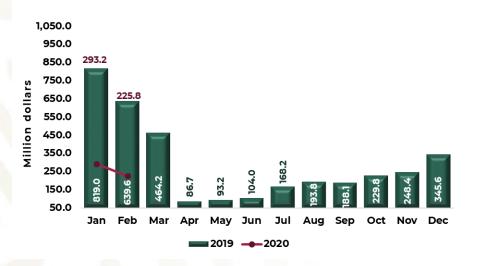
**Chars 5.** According to INEGI, during January-February 2021, international tourists departures's number from Mexico was **one million 78 thousand tourist**, which is One million 665 thousand less tourists than January-February 2020 and represents a decrease of -60.7%.

| January -<br>February | Millions of People | Change %        |
|-----------------------|--------------------|-----------------|
| 2019                  | 2,861              | Ť               |
| 2020                  | 2,743              | -4.1%           |
| 2021                  | 1,078              | - <b>60.7</b> % |

## SPENDING BY INTERNATIONAL VISITORS FROM MEXICO

**Chart 6.** In January-February 2021, foreign currency spent by visitors residing in Mexico when going abroad was **519 millions 18 thousand dollars**, lower 939 millions 578 thousand dollars to January-February 2020, equivalent to -64.4% decrease.

| January -<br>February | Millions of Touristis | Change %       |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|----------------|
| 2019                  | 1,629                 |                |
| 2020                  | 1,459                 | -10.4%         |
| 2021                  | 519                   | <b>-64.4</b> % |



Note: In the graphs the sum of the data does not coincide with the accumulated period due to the rounding of figures..

Source: INEGI and Bank of Mexico, Balance of payments. https://www.datatur.sectur.gob.mx/SitePages/VisitantesInternacionales.aspx







## INTERNATIONAL TRAVELERS BALANCE

**Chart 7.** The balance by international visitors in January-February 2021 registered a surplus of **One thousand 214 millions dollars**, this represents a decrease of -61.8% in comparison to the same period of 2020.

| January -<br>February | Millions Dollars | Change %       |
|-----------------------|------------------|----------------|
| 2019                  | 2,894.4          |                |
| 2020                  | 3,181.8          | 9.9%           |
| 2021                  | 1,214.2          | <b>-61.8</b> % |

#### BALANCE OF OIL AND INTERNATIONAL TRAVELLERS



Note: In the graphs the sum of the data does not coincide with the accumulated period due to the rounding of figures.





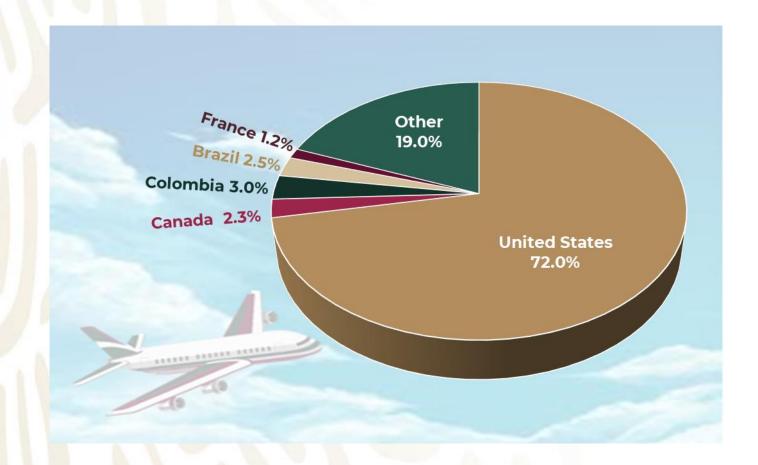




# AIR TRANSPORTATION



**Chart 8.** In the first two months of 2021 **United States** citizens's arrivals by air stands out, representing 72.0% of total, from **Canada** was 2.3%, while the European region had an 7.7% participation in total, corresponding 1.2% to **French citizens**, South America region represented 13.1% of total, **Colombia and Brazil** citizens participated with 3.0% and 2.5% of total, in same period.



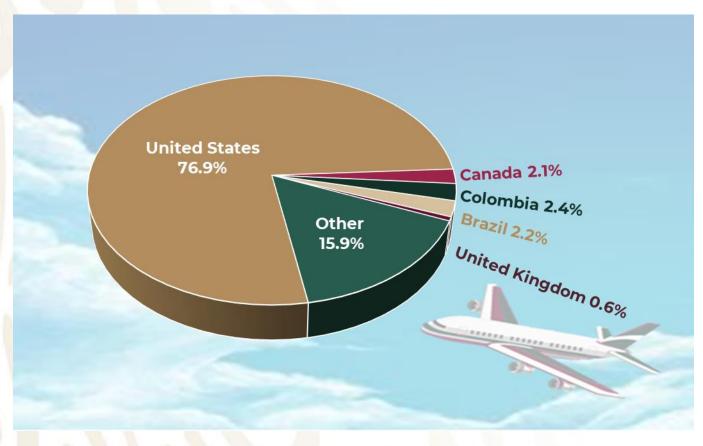
Note: In the graphs the sum of the data does not coincide with the accumulated period due the rounding of figures

Source: Migration Policy, Registry and Identity Unit, SEGOB. https://www.datatur.sectur.gob.mx/SitePages/Visitantes%20Por%20Nacionalidad.aspx



## INTERNATIONAL VISITORS TO MEXICO ARRIVING BY AIR (MAIN COUNTRIES BY RESIDENCE)

**Chart 9.** In the first two months of 2021, passengers by air arrival residing in the **United States** representing 76.9% of total, as well as **Canada** with 2.1%, while European region share 6.2% of total, being residents in **United Kingdom** who represented 0.6% of total arrivals by air, South America region represented 11.7% of total, where residents from **Colombia** and **Brazil** participated with 2.4% and 2.2% of total, respectively.



Note: In the graphs the sum of the data does not coincide with the accumulated period due to the rounding of figures.







## U.S CITIZENS BY AIRPORT

**Chart 10.** The U.S. citizens who arrived to Mexico by air decreased (-)52.5% during January-February 2021 compared to the same period of 2020, registering **865 thousand 424 passengers** who arrived firstly at the Cancun Airport, followed by Los Cabos Airport.

| 2019        | 1,679, <b>3</b> 44<br>1,821,509 | 8.5%           |
|-------------|---------------------------------|----------------|
| <b>2020</b> | 865,424                         | - <b>52.5%</b> |



## CANADIAN CITIZENS BY AIRPORT



**Chart 11.** in the period January-February 2021, Canadian citizens who arrived to Mexico by air was (-) 96.2% lower compared to same period of 2020, by registering **27 thousand 656 passengers**. They firstly arrived at the Cancun Airport, followed by Mexico City Airport.

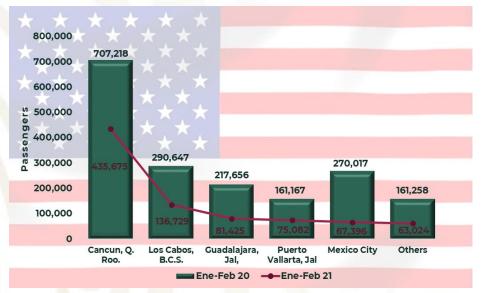
| January - | Thousand   | Change %       |
|-----------|------------|----------------|
| February  | Passengers | Change /       |
| 2019      | 701,292    | Ŧ              |
| 2020      | 730,972    | 4.2%           |
| 2021      | 27,656     | <b>-96.2</b> % |







# AMERICAN PASSENGERS PER AIRPORT



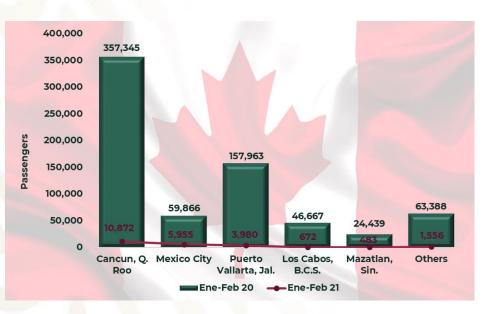
**Chart 12.** The American residents who arrived to Mexico by air decreased (-)52.6% in the period January-February 2021 compared to the same period of 2020, registering **887 thousand 681 passengers** who firstly arrived at Cancun Airport, followed by Los Cabos Airport

| January - | Thousand   | Change %       |
|-----------|------------|----------------|
| February  | Passengers |                |
| 2019      | 1,714,351  | · · · ·        |
| 2020      | 1,873,586  | 9.3%           |
| 2021      | 887,681    | <b>-52.6</b> % |

# CANADIAN PASSENGERS PER AIRPORT

**Chart 13.** in the period January-February 2021 the Canadian residents who arrived to Mexico by air was (-)96.7% lower compared to the same period of 2020, amounted **23 thousand 743 passengers**, They firstly arrived at Cancun Airport, followed by Mexico City Airport.

| January - | Thousand   | Change %       |  |  |  |
|-----------|------------|----------------|--|--|--|
| February  | Passengers | Charige %      |  |  |  |
| 2019      | 704,711    |                |  |  |  |
| 2020      | 719,827    | 2.1%           |  |  |  |
| 2021      | 23,743     | <b>-96.7</b> % |  |  |  |



Source: Migration Policy, Registry and Identity Unit, SEGOB.

https://www.datatur.sectur.gob.mx/SitePages/Visitantes%20Por%20Residencia.aspx



Figure 1. In the first two months of 2021, airports with a higher foreign visitors in Mexico were, according to their nationality: Cancun (579,613), Mexico City (213,233), Los Cabos (139,491), Puerto Vallarta (87,895) Guadalajara (78,693),, Cozumel (15,434), Monterrey (9,061) y Mazatlan (8,163).



#### **January-February 2021**

| Quinta Roo Mexico City |           |       | Baja Ca   | lifornia Sur |         | Jalis | co          | Qui         | nta Roo | Nue     | vo Leon | Sinaloa          |       |         |          |  |
|------------------------|-----------|-------|-----------|--------------|---------|-------|-------------|-------------|---------|---------|---------|------------------|-------|---------|----------|--|
| C                      | ancun     | Me    | kico City | Lo           | s Cabos | Puer  | to Vallarta | Guadalajara | Co      | Cozumel |         | Cozumel Monterro |       | nterrey | Mazatlan |  |
| 2020                   | 1,504,820 | 2020  | 813,648   | 2020         | 345,582 | 2020  | 392,431     | 174,507     | 2020    | 45,678  | 2020    | 44,683           | 2020  | 44,861  |          |  |
| 2021                   | 579,613   | 2021  | 213,233   | 2021         | 139,491 | 2021  | 87,895      | 78,693      | 2021    | 15,434  | 2021    | 9,061            | 2021  | 8,163   |          |  |
| Var %                  | -61.5%    | Var % | -73.8%    | Var %        | -59.6%  | Var % | -77.6%      | -54.9%      | Var %   | -66.2%  | Var %   | -79.7%           | Var % | -81.8%  |          |  |

Note: Figures refers to events because the same person may have entered the country in more than one occasion..

Source: Migration Policy, Registry and Identity Unit, SEGOB.. https://www.datatur.sectur.gob.mx/SitePages/Visitantes%20Por%20Nacionalidad.aspx









TOTEL

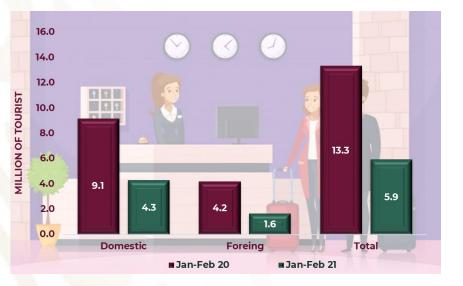




**Chart 14.** in the first two months of 2021 **Hotel Occupancy percentage** in a 70 grouping of tourist centers, was **25.2%**, a level lower by 34.3 point of a percentage point compared to that observed during the same period of 2020.

# ARRIVAL OF TOURISTS TO HOTELS

**Chart 15.** In January-February 2021, **domestic tourist arrivals to hotel rooms** was **4 millions 284 thousand tourists** (72.2%); **One million 650 thousand** remaining arrivals (27.8%) was foreign tourist.



Notes: Total occupancy is a weighted average of the 70 destinations monitored. The total arrivals of tourists to hotel rooms registered a decreased -55.5% compared to January-February 2020.

In the graphs the sum of the data does not coincide with the accumulated period due to the rounding of figures.

Source: Information of 70 resorts monitored by DataTur. https://www.datatur.sectur.gob.mx/SitePages/ActividadHotelera.aspx













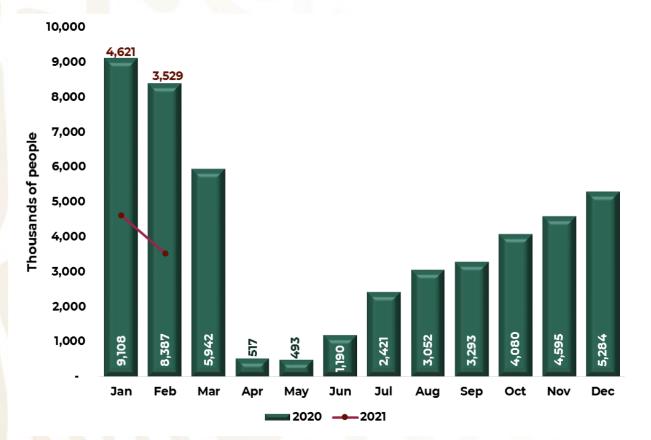




AIR TRANSPORTATION

**Chart 16.** The number of passengers arriving by air In the first two months of 2021 was **8 million 150 thousand passengers,** representing 9 millions 345 thousand passengers lower (-) 53.4% in comparison to the same period of 2020.

| January -<br>February | Thousand<br>Passengers | Change % |
|-----------------------|------------------------|----------|
| 2019                  | 15,984,094             | 7        |
| 2020                  | 17,494,856             | 9.5%     |
| 2021                  | 8,149,549              | -53.4%   |



Preliminary figures Source: Federal Civil Aviation Agency (SCT). https://www.datatur.sectur.gob.mx/SitePages/TrasnAerea.aspx



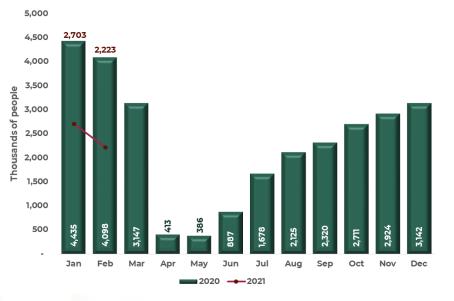




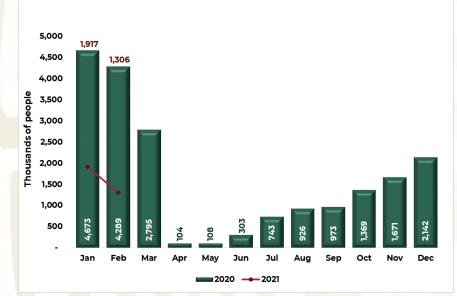
# AIR TRANSPORTATION ON NATIONAL FLIGHTS

Chart 17. The number of passengers arriving by air on domestic flights during January-February 2021 was 4 millions 926 thousand passengers, representing 3 Millions 607 thousands passengers lower (-42.3%), in comparison to the same period of 2020.

| January -<br>February | Thousand<br>Passengers | Change % |
|-----------------------|------------------------|----------|
| 2019                  | 7,597,210              |          |
| 2020                  | 8,532,996              | 12.3%    |
| 2021                  | 4,926,198              | -42.3%   |



## AIR TRANSPORTATION ON INTERNATIONAL FLIGHTS



**Chart 18.** In January-February 2021, the number of passengers arriving by air on international flights decreased -64.0%, with **3 millions 223 thousand passengers**, lower for 5 Millions 739 thousands passengers the amount of the same period of 2020.

| January -<br>February | Thousand<br>Passengers | Change %  |
|-----------------------|------------------------|-----------|
| 2019                  | 8,386,884              | · · · · · |
| 2020                  | 8,961,860              | 6.9%      |
| 2021                  | 3,223,351              | -64.0%    |

Preliminary figures Source: Federal Civil Aviation Agency (SCT). https://www.datatur.sectur.gob.mx/SitePages/TrasnAerea.aspx



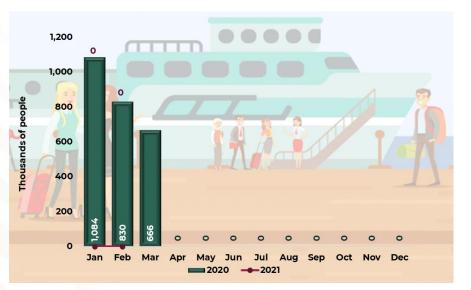




# MARITIME TRANSPORTATION

**Chart 19.** During the period January-February 2021 there was no record of **passengers transported**, which represented (-) 100% below that reported in the same period of 2020..

|                       | -          |          |
|-----------------------|------------|----------|
| 2021                  | 0          | -100.0%  |
| 2020                  | 1,914      | 7.4%     |
| 2019                  | 1,782      |          |
| January -<br>February | Passengers | Change % |



## ARRIVAL OF CRUISES TO MEXICO



**Chart 20.** In the first two months of 2021, no **cruise ship** arrival records were presented, representing a decrease of (-) 100% compared to the same period in 2020.

| January -<br>February | Arrivals | Change % |
|-----------------------|----------|----------|
| 2019                  | 643      | *        |
| 2020                  | 697      | 8.4%     |
| 2021                  | 0        | -100.0%  |

Source: INEGI and Directorate-General of Ports, Ministry of Communications and Transportation (SCT) https://www.datatur.sectur.gob.mx/SitePages/VisitantesInternacionales.aspx



**Figure 2.** During the first two months of 2021 there were no records of passenger arrivals on cruise ships to the main ports of Mexico, so **Cozumel, Majahual, Puerto Vallarta, Ensenada, Cabo San Lucas and Progreso**, had a drop of the (-) 100% of total passengers compared to the same period of 2020.



#### January-February 2021

| Co       | Cozumel, Q. Roo |            | Ma       | lajahual, Q. Roo |            | Puerto Vallarta, Jal. |         | Er         | Ensenada, B. C. Cabo San Lucas, B. C. S |         | s, B. C. S. |          |         |            |          |         |            |
|----------|-----------------|------------|----------|------------------|------------|-----------------------|---------|------------|---|---------|-------------|----------|---------|------------|----------|---------|------------|
|          | Arrives         | Passengers |          | Arrives          | Passengers |                       | Arrives | Passengers |   | Arrives | Passengers  |          | Arrives | Passengers |          | Arrives | Passengers |
| 2020     | 300             | 918,823    | 2020     | 115              | 373,180    | 2020                  | 39      | 122,369    | 2020                                    | 49      | 113,975     | 2020     | 38      | 109,554    | 2020     | 38      | 101,280    |
| 2021     | 0               | 0          | 2021     | 0                | 0          | 2021                  | 0       | 0          | 2021                                    | 0       | 0           | 2021     | 0       | 0          | 2021     | 0       | 0          |
| Change % | -100.0%         | -100.0%    | Change % | -100.0%          | -100.0%    | Change %              | -100.0% | -100.0%    | Change %                                | -100.0% | -100.0%     | Change % | -100.0% | -100.0%    | Change % | -100.0% | -100.0%    |

Source: INEGI and Directorate-General of Ports, Ministry of Communications and Transportation (SCT) https://www.datatur.sectur.gob.mx/SitePages/Actividades%20En%20Crucero.aspx









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# VISITORS TO MUSEUMS AND ARCHEOLOGICAL SITES

**Chart 21.** The National Institute of Anthropology and History reported **546 thousand 510 visitors** during first two months of 2021, decreased -89.1% than reported in the same period of 2020. Of the total number of visitors, 65.6% corresponded to national visitors and the 34.4% to foreigners.

| January -<br>February | Millions Visitors | Change % |
|-----------------------|-------------------|----------|
| 2019                  | 4,807,977         | •        |
| 2020                  | 5,017,655         | 4.4%     |
| 2021                  | 546,510           | -89.1%   |



Source: National Institute of Anthropology and History (INAH) https://www.datatur.sectur.gob.mx/SitePages/ActividadesCulturales.aspx







# OTHER INDICATORS AND ANALYSIS OF INTERNATIONAL TOURISM



#### National

The economic situation faced by Mexico by the COVID-19 pandemic in 2020 was closely linked to the evolution of contagion, confinement and health measures implemented. The effect of these measures was reflected in a decrease in population mobility and a slowdown in economic activity. However, a significant part of the impact came from the external sector, first, due to disruptions in global value chains in the face of factory closures and borders between our main trading partners and, subsequently, by lower demand for our exports across the board.

This situation led, on the one hand, to the collapse of international trade and commodity prices due to lower demand for industrial inputs and, on the other hand, to lower demand for manufactured goods as well as other export goods and services. An important factor in the lower demand for services was the decrease in the flow of travellers to the national territory for tourism and business reasons.

In the fourth quarter of 2020, the revival of economic activity that was observed in the third quarter continued, albeit at a more moderate pace and showing some weakening at the end of the year. In particular, although activity continued to recover in October and November, a marked slowdown in December as a result of the resurgence of the pandemic and the new restrictions on production and mobility implemented in some states.

#### International

2020 represented an important turning point at the global level. The pandemic caused the worst drop in global economic activity since the Great Depression, however, as it was a crisis by design, once containment measures and mobility restrictions were eased, began an accelerated recovery in the pace of growth of the world economy. In addition, with the launch of the world's largest vaccination campaign in December 2020, the economic outlook improved and growth expectations for 2021 increased significantly.

In January 2021, the International Monetary Fund (IMF) estimated that 2020 closed with a contraction of the world's Gross Domestic Product (GDP) of 3.5%, lower than the 4.9% drop expected in June 2020. By 2021, the IMF projects a 5.5% recovery in global GDP and estimates that the advanced and emerging economies will grow 4.3% and 6.3%, respectively. For Latin America and the Caribbean, a recovery of 4.1 per cent is expected.

In line with the best growth expectations in 2021, global GDP is projected to reach its pre-maturity level by the end of the year. However, it is estimated that recovery will be uneven across countries, sectors, regions and population groups.

In contrast to manufacturing production and international trade, the recovery in the service sector has been slower, because the service sector is mainly made up of intensive economic activities in physical contact, such as housing, food preparation, and passenger transport.

https://www.finanzaspublicas.hacienda.gob.mx/work/models/Finanzas\_Publicas/docs/paquete\_economico/precgpe/precgpe\_2 022.pdf







## **RESULTS OF TOURISM ACTIVITY**

| Subject                                     | Unit of measurement    | 2044                  | 2045               |                       | anuary-Dece                |                  | 2040             | 2020             | Change %         | January-F        |             | Change % |
|---|------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|-------------|----------|
|   |                        | 2014                  | 2015               | 2016                  | 2017<br>EGI and Ban        | 2018             | 2019             | 2020             | 20/19            | 2020             | 2021        | 21/20    |
| Inbound traveler expenditures               | Million dollars        | 16,208.4              | 17,733.7           | 19,649.7              | 21,336.2                   | 22,526.4         | 24,573.2         | 11,024.8         | -55.1%           | 4,640.4          | 1,733.2     | -62.69   |
| Outbound traveler expenditures              | Million dollars        | 9,605.8               | 10,098.1           | 10,303.0              | 10,840.0                   | 11,229.5         | 9,880.9          | 3,580.7          | -63.8%           | 1,458.6          | 519.0       | -62.0    |
| nternational travelers balance              | Million dollars        | 6,602.6               | 7,635.6            | 9,346.7               | 10,840.0                   | 11,229.3         | 9,660.9          | 7,444.1          | -03.8%           | 3,181.8          | 1,214.2     | -64.4    |
|   | Willion dollars        | Internationa          |                    |                       |                            |                  |                  | 7,444.1          | -49.3%           | 3,101.0          | 1,214.2     | -01.0    |
|   |                        | memationa             |                    | of travelers          |                            | ico de mex       | 100)             |                  |                  |                  |             |          |
| nternational visitors                       | Thousand               | 81,042.1              | 87,128.6           | 94,853.1              | 99,349.3                   | 96,497.0         | 97,406.0         | 51,160.3         | -47.5%           | 16,582.8         | 7,201.0     | -56.6    |
| International tourists                      | Thousand               | 29,345.6              | 32,093.3           | 35,079.4              | 39,290.9                   | 41,312.7         | 45,024.5         | 24,315.8         | -46.0%           | 7,566.2          | 3,510.8     | -53.6    |
| Long-stay tourists                          | Thousand               | 15,999.9              | 18,307.2           | 20,663.9              | 22,482.8                   | 23,306.7         | 23,757.7         | 10,847.1         | -54.3%           | 4,165.9          | 1,520.8     | -63.5    |
| Border tourists                             | Thousand               | 13,345.7              | 13,786.1           | 14,415.5              | 16,808.1                   | 18,006.0         | 21.266.8         | 13,468.6         | -36.7%           | 3,400.3          | 1,990.0     | -41.5    |
| Same-day travelers                          | Thousand               | 51,696.5              | 55,035.3           | 59,773.8              | 60,058.3                   | 55,184.3         | 52,381.6         | 26,844.5         | -48.8%           | 9,016.6          | 3,690.2     | -59.19   |
| In border area travelers                    | Thousand               | 45,911.2              | 48,920.5           | 53,079.1              | 52,377.8                   | 46,913.1         | 43,286.9         | 24,264.1         | -43.9%           | 7,102.3          | 3,690.2     | -48.09   |
| In cruises travelers                        | Thousand               | 5,785.2               | 6,114.8            | 6,694.6               | 7,680.6                    | 8,271.2          | 9,094.7          | 2,580.4          | -71.6%           | 1,914.3          | -           | -100.09  |
|   |                        |                       |                    | rs expenditu          | ure (Million o             | dollars)         |                  |                  |                  |                  |             |          |
| International visitors                      | Million dollars        | 16,208.4              | 17,733.7           | 19,649.7              | 21,336.2                   | 22,526.4         | 24,573.2         | 11,024.8         | -55.1%           | 4,640.4          | 1,733.2     | -62.6    |
| International tourists                      | Million dollars        | 14,320.0              | 15,825.7           | 17,697.8              | 19,180.3                   | 20,366.3         | 22,354.0         | 9,890.0          | -55.8%           | 4,245.3          | 1,555.2     | -63.49   |
| Long-stay tourists                          | Million dollars        | 13,579.9              | 15,035.0           | 16,925.8              | 18,197.2                   | 19,261.0         | 21,045.5         | 9,152.9          | -56.5%           | 4,032.5          | 1,416.3     | -64.9    |
| Border tourists                             | Million dollars        | 740.1                 | 790.7              | 772.0                 | 983.1                      | 1,105.2          | 1,308.5          | 737.0            | -43.7%           | 212.7            | 139.0       | -34.79   |
| Same-day travelers                          | Million dollars        | 1,888.4               | 1,908.0            | 1,951.8               | 2,155.9                    | 2,160.1          | 2,219.2          | 1,134.8          | -48.9%           | 395.1            | 178.0       | -55.09   |
| In border area travelers                    | Million dollars        | 1,469.6               | 1,508.9            | 1,558.1               | 1,673.4                    | 1,603.5          | 1,593.2          | 952.5            | -40.2%           | 260.9            | 178.0       | -31.89   |
| In cruises travelers                        | Million dollars        | 418.8                 | 399.2              | 393.8                 | 482.5                      | 556.6            | 626.0            | 182.3            | -70.9%           | 134.3            | -           | -100.0   |
|   | ·                      |                       | Averag             | e expenditu           | re (dollars)               |                  |                  |                  |                  |                  |             |          |
| International visitors                      | Dollars                | 200.0                 | 203.5              | 207.2                 | 214.8                      | 233.4            | 252.3            | 215.5            | -14.6%           | 279.8            | 240.7       | -14.09   |
| International tourists                      | Dollars                | 488.0                 | 493.1              | 504.5                 | 488.2                      | 493.0            | 496.5            | 406.7            | -18.1%           | 561.1            | 443.0       | -21.09   |
| Long-stay tourists                          | Dollars                | 848.8                 | 821.3              | 819.1                 | 809.4                      | 826.4            | 885.8            | 843.8            | -4.7%            | 968.0            | 931.3       | -3.89    |
| Border tourists                             | Dollars                | 55.5                  | 57.4               | 53.6                  | 58.5                       | 61.4             | 61.5             | 54.7             | -11.1%           | 62.6             | 69.8        | 11.6%    |
| Same-day travelers                          | Dollars                | 36.5                  | 34.7               | 32.7                  | 35.9                       | 39.1             | 42.4             | 42.3             | -0.2%            | 43.8             | 48.2        | 10.1%    |
| In border area travelers                    | Dollars                | 32.0                  | 30.8               | 29.4                  | 31.9                       | 34.2             | 36.8             | 39.3             | 6.7%             | 36.7             | 48.2        | 31.3%    |
| In cruises travelers                        | Dollars                | 72.4                  | 65.3               | 58.8                  | 62.8                       | 67.3             | 68.8             | 70.7             | 2.6%             | 70.1             | -           | N.C      |
|   | Int                    | ernational tr         | avelers abr        | oad Mexico            | (INEGI and I               | Banco de M       | éxico)           |                  |                  |                  |             |          |
| Total international travelers abroad Mexico | Thousand               | 90,981.7              | 94,988.4           | 97,371.7              | 94,274.5                   | 86,279.7         | 82,752.1         | 36,237.8         | -56.2%           | 13,083.9         | 4,566.9     | -65.1%   |
| Outbound traveler expenditures              | Million dollars        | 9,605.8               | 10,098.1           | 10,303.0              | 10,840.0                   | 11,229.5         | 9,880.9          | 3,580.7          | -63.8%           | 1,458.6          | 519.0       | -64.4%   |
| Average Expenditure                         | Dollars                | 105.6                 | 106.3              | 105.8                 | 115.0                      | 130.2            | 119.4            | 98.8             | -17.2%           | 111.5            | 113.6       | 1.9%     |
| International tourists abroad of Mexico     | Thousand               | 18,260.7              | 19,603.0           | 20,223.1              | 19,066.8                   | 19,748.4         | 19,810.5         | 7,527.3          | -62.0%           | 2,743.1          | 1,078.1     | -60.7%   |
| Outbound tourism expenditure                | Million dollars        | 6,610.7               | 7,026.5            | 7,155.6               | 7,502.6                    | 8,135.2          | 6,939.8          | 2,211.4          | -68.1%           | 940.6            | 345.6       | -63.3%   |
| Average Expenditure                         | Dollars                | 362.0                 | 358.4              | 353.8                 | 393.5                      | 411.9            | 350.3            | 293.8            | -16.1%           | 342.9            | 320.5       | -6.5%    |
| Same-day travelers abroad                   | Thousand               | 72,721.0              | 75,385.4           | 77,148.7              | 75,207.7                   | 66,531.3         | 62,941.6         | 28,710.5         | -54.4%           | 10,340.8         | 3,488.8     | -66.3%   |
| Outbound expenditure                        | Million dollars        | 2,995.1               | 3,071.6            | 3,147.4               | 3,337.4                    | 3,094.3          | 2,941.0          | 1,369.3          | -53.4%           | 518.0            | 173.4       | -66.5%   |
| Average Expenditure                         | Dollars                | 41.2                  | 40.7               | 40.8                  | 44.4                       | 46.5             | 46.7             | 47.7             | 2.1%             | 50.1             | 49.7        | -0.8%    |
|   |                        | rrival of pass        |                    | domestic an           |                            | nal flights (A   |                  |                  |                  | -                |             |          |
| Total passengers arriving by air            | Thousands              | 66,572.1              | 74,778.3           | 82,765.6              | 90,445.5                   | 97,285.5         | 102,498.5        | 48,361.4         | -52.8%           | 17,494.9         | 8,149.5     | -53.4%   |
| International flights                       | Thousands              | 33,573.4              | 37,504.7           | 40,841.8              | 45,085.5                   | 47,616.5         | 48,792.1         | 20,096.3         | -58.8%           | 8,961.9          | 3,223.4     | -64.0%   |
| Domestic flights                            | Thousands              | 32,998.7              | 37,273.5           | 41,923.8              | 45,360.1                   | 49,668.9         | 53,706.4         | 28,265.1         | -47.4%           | 8,533.0          | 4,926.2     | -42.3%   |
|   | Foreign visitors       | s by air and o        |                    |                       |                            | Unidad de l      | Política Mig     | ratoria)         |                  |                  |             |          |
| Helitad Otataa af Amari                     | Theorematic            | 7 404 -               |                    | untry of natio        |                            | 40.400           | 40 511 1         |                  | E 1 001          | 4 004 7          | 005 / 1     | ===      |
| United States of America                    | Thousands              | 7,164.4               | 8,391.7            | 9,417.6               | 10,340.5                   | 10,496.4         | 10,511.4         | 5,151.2          | -51.0%           | 1,821.5          | 865.4       | -52.5%   |
| Canada                                      | Thousands              | 1,676.7               | 1,748.5            | 1,781.5               | 1,985.1                    | 2,155.4          | 2,309.5          | 975.7            | -57.8%           | 731.0            | 27.7        | -96.2%   |
| United Kingdom                              | Thousands              | 458.9                 | 506.0              | 545.1                 | 563.1                      | 590.9            | 581.2            | 103.9            | -82.1%           | 66.6             | 7.8         | -88.29   |
| Argentina                                   | Thousands              | 246.4                 | 341.1              | 406.0                 | 474.2                      | 490.2            | 387.3            | 105.1            | -72.9%           | 69.6             | 24.7        | -64.5%   |
| Colombia                                    | Thousands              | 328.2                 | 407.4              | 439.7                 | 485.4                      | 557.6            | 602.8            | 169.7            | -71.9%           | 96.7             | 36.2        | -62.6%   |
| Lipited States of America                   | Thousands              | 7 0 40 5              |                    | untry of resi         |                            | 10 740 0         | 10,775.2         | E 004 0          | E0.004           | 1 070 0          | 0077        | 50.00    |
| United States of America                    | Thousands              | 7,348.5               | 8,604.6            | 9,643.9               | 10,565.5                   | 10,748.2         |                  |                  | -50.9%           | 1,873.6          | 887.7       | -52.69   |
| Canada<br>United Kingdom                    | Thousands<br>Thousands | 1,646.2               | 1,707.8            | 1,734.6               | 1,958.0                    | 2,168.0          | 2,296.1          | 948.3            | -58.7%<br>-83.6% | 719.8<br>61.0    | 23.7        | -96.79   |
| United Kingdom<br>Argentina                 | Thousands              | 432.3<br>218.4        | 477.3<br>309.6     | 513.8<br>375.2        | 531.9<br>451.3             | 556.8<br>454.3   | 559.0<br>351.0   | 91.5<br>91.9     | -83.6%           | 61.0             | 6.4<br>21.1 | -89.5%   |
| Argentina<br>Colombia                       | Thousands              | 218.4                 | 309.6              | 375.2                 | 451.3                      | 454.3<br>494.2   | 351.0<br>536.2   | 91.9<br>139.2    | -73.8%           | 62.8<br>80.8     | 21.1        | -66.0%   |
|   |                        | 292.4<br>lovements cr |                    |                       |                            |                  |                  | 139.2            | -14.0%           | 00.0             | 21.0        | -00.01   |
| Passenger in cruices                        | Thousands              |                       |                    |                       | 7,680.6                    | 9,003.4          |                  | 2 500 4          | 74 60/           | 1 014 2          | - [         | 100.00   |
| 5   |                        | 5,785.2               | 6,114.8<br>2,180.0 | 6,694.6<br>2,269.0    |                            |                  | 9,094.7          | 2,580.4<br>865.0 | -71.6%<br>-70.7% | 1,914.3<br>697.0 | -           | -100.09  |
| Cruise's arrivals                           | Number                 | 2,091.0               |                    |                       | 2,558.0                    | 2,671.0          | 2,951.0          | 0.005            | -10.1%           | 097.0            |             | -100.09  |
| Percentaio of hotal accuration              | Porcontago             | E7 0                  | 59.6               | business* (\$<br>60.4 | 61.2                       | 61.0             | 60.0             | 26.2             | (22.0)           | E0 E             | 25.2        | 13.4     |
| Percentaje of hotel accupation              | Percentage             | 57.2                  | 59.6<br>69,941.9   | 60.4<br>74,471.0      | 61.2<br>80,231.7           | 61.0<br>83,393.1 | 60.3<br>85,200.9 | 26.3<br>38,209.9 | (33.9)           | 59.5<br>13,340.2 |             | (34.3    |
| Arrival of tourists to hotel rooms          | Thousands              | 65,000.2              | 09,941.9           |                       | 80,231.7<br>of tourist job |                  |                  |                  | -55.2%           | 13,340.2         | 5,933.3     | -55.5%   |
| Tourism employment                          | Thousands              | 3,641.0               | 3,803.4            | 3,951.9               | 4,095.3                    | 4,187.5          | 4,438.5          | 4,148.9          | -6.5%            | N.D.             | N.D.        | N.C      |
|   |                        |                       |                    |                       |                            |                  |                  |                  |                  |                  |             |          |

A report from the Hotel Occupancy monitored weekly in 70 centers. Changes in percentage points in the case of hotel occupancy.
 Quarterly figures, excluding induced employment.
 For annual percentage change data for the last quarter of the current year compared to the last quarter of the previous year.

NA Not apply

Sources: Banco de México, AFAC e INEGI, UPM, SCT, SECTUR.







### MACROECONOMIC PERSPECTIVES ABOUT KEY INDICATORS

| Entity                                     | Real gr | owth % | (% dec/dec) |      |  |  |
|--|---------|--------|-------------|------|--|--|
|  | 2021    | 2022   | 2021        | 2022 |  |  |
| International Monetary Fund                | 5.00    | 3.00   | 3.50        | 3.10 |  |  |
| OECD                                       | 4.50    | 3.00   | 3.20        | 3.00 |  |  |
| Bank of Mexico Survey                      | 4.53    | 2.68   | 4.17        | 3.62 |  |  |
| Ministry of the Treasury and Public Credit | 5.30    | 3.60   | 3.80        | 3.00 |  |  |

Source: IMF, World Economic Outlook Database (April 2021); OECD, Interim Economic Outlook (2020/Dec); Bank of Mexico, Expectations Survey Economic Specialist Private Sector 05/04/2021); Ministry of Finance, Pre-Criteria 2022 (March 2021).

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# ECONOMIC INDICATORS

| Entries   | 2018                | 2019             | 2020.I         | 2020.II         | 2020.III        | 2020.IV    | 2020       | Jan-21 | Feb-21 |
|---|---------------------|------------------|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------|------------|--------|--------|
|   | General Econo       | omic Activity a  | nd Services Id | entified with T | ourism          |            |            |        |        |
| Domestic  |                     |                  |                |                 |                 |            |            |        |        |
| . Millions of current pesos                                       | 23,523,247          | 24,443,014       | 24,490,709     | 20,045,950      | 23,089,847      | 24,861,588 | 23,122,024 |        |        |
| . Constant prices annual variations in %                          | 2.2                 | -0.1             | -1.4           | -18.7           | -8.6            | -4.3       | -8.5       |        |        |
| Tertiary activities   |                     |                  |                |                 |                 |            |            |        |        |
| - Air Transportation (481)  |                     |                  |                |                 |                 |            |            |        |        |
| . Millions of current pesos                                       | 58,268              | 67,842           | 50,309         | 6,018           | 18,037          | 29,086     | 25,862     |        |        |
| . Constant prices annual variations in %                          | 9.7                 | 8.0              | -4.3           | -90.3           | -68.0           | -48.6      | -54.8      |        |        |
| - Temporary Lodging Services (721)                                |                     |                  |                |                 |                 |            |            |        |        |
| . Millions of current pesos                                       | 269,681             | 282,871          | 266,229        | 26,180          | 96,959          | 136,861    | 131,557    |        |        |
| . Constant prices annual variations in %                          | 3.9                 | 1.0              | -9.5           | -91.6           | -66.3           | -50.8      | -54.8      |        |        |
| <ul> <li>Food and Beverages Preparation Services (722)</li> </ul> |                     |                  |                |                 |                 |            |            |        |        |
| . Millions of current pesos                                       | 247,360             | 266,842          | 254,780        | 148,990         | 168,548         | 195,055    | 191,843    |        |        |
| . Constant prices annual variations in %                          | 0.4                 | 1.2              | -7.5           | -47.7           | -39.5           | -29.7      | -31.2      |        |        |
|   | Q                   | uarterly Indicat | ors of Tourism | Activity        |                 |            |            |        |        |
| Tourism GDP   |                     |                  |                |                 |                 |            |            |        |        |
| . Annual variations in %  | 2.8                 | 0.5              | -6.7           | -47.3           | -34.1           |            |            |        |        |
| Internal tourism consumption                                      |                     |                  |                |                 |                 |            |            |        |        |
| . Annual variations in %  | 3.2                 | 1.0              | -6.3           | -50.6           | -35.9           |            |            |        |        |
| Domestic tourism consumption                                      |                     |                  |                |                 |                 |            |            |        |        |
| . Annual variations in %  | 3.3                 | 0.7              | -4.2           | -42.4           | -29.7           |            |            |        |        |
| Inbound tourism consumption                                       |                     |                  |                |                 |                 |            |            |        |        |
| . Annual variations in %  | 2.8                 | 2.4              | -14.5          | -90.0           | -68.1           |            |            |        |        |
|   | Unemploy            | ment National    | Rate ** (closi | ng of the perio | d)              |            |            |        |        |
| . Total Percentage of PEA   | 3.35                | 2.91             | 2.94           | 5.49            | 5.09            | 3.80       | 3.80       | 4.73   | 4.73   |
|   |                     | Prices and I     | Exchange Rate  | 9***            |                 |            |            |        |        |
| National Price Index (closing of the period)                      |                     |                  |                |                 |                 |            |            |        |        |
| Consumer (percent variation)                                      | 4.8%                | 2.8%             | -30.6%         | -9.7%           | 4.0%            | 3.2%       | 3.2%       | 3.5%   | 3.8%   |
| . Air transport (percent variation)                               | -2.3%               | 9.6%             | -0.8%          | -21.7%          | -4.0%           | 9.6%       | 9.6%       | -20.0% | -12.3% |
| . Hotel (percent variation)                                       | 5.3%                | 0.7%             | 0.2%           | -4.3%           | -6.8%           | 0.7%       | 0.7%       | -8.6%  | -10.9% |
| . Package Tourist Services (percent variation)                    | 8.6%                | 2.2%             | -0.9%          | -6.8%           | -4.8%           | 2.2%       | 2.2%       | -11.9% | -13.6% |
| . Restaurants (percent variation)                                 | 5.4%                | 5.0%             | 4.4%           | 3.7%            | 3.9%            | 5.0%       | 5.0%       | 4.0%   | 4.1%   |
|   |                     | Exchange R       | ate (peso/do   | ollar)          |                 |            |            |        |        |
| . Average of the period   | 19.24               | 19.11            | 20.01          | 23.33           | 21.72           | 20.54      | 21.49      | 19.92  | 20.3   |
| Bu  | siness Cycle India  |                  |                | ence (montly c  | lifference****) |            |            |        |        |
| . Coincident Indicator  | -1.16               | (0.18)           | (1.38)         | 11.93           | 1.13            | (0.30)     | (0.30)     | 0.11   | N.D    |
| . Forward Indicator   | - <mark>0.48</mark> | 0.38             | (4.84)         | 12.10           | (0.10)          | 0.34       | 0.34       | 0.29   | 0.24   |
| . Confidence Consumer Index                                       | 0.32                | (0.46)           | (0.99)         | (0.25)          | 0.41            | 0.39       | 0.39       | 0.38   | 0.37   |

N.A. Not available.

Note: The sum of the monthly data does not coincide with the accumulated of the period, due to the rounding of figures.

\* For 2016 figures for IV quarter.

\*\* For 2016 figures for the fourth quarter. The Tourist Employment dataset is smoothed by averaging the last four quarters of it. The objective is to eliminate irregular fluctuations in the short and medium term.

\*\*\* Percentage of all the economically active population. Data at the end of the period for annual and monthly figures and average period for quarterly information.

\*\*\*\* For prices of the consumer: at the end of the year are annual variations and same month previos year is for monthly data variation.

\*\*\*\*\* Point monthly difference (closing of the period).

Sources: SECTUR, INEGI, Bank of Mexico.